

Promoting a Controversial Product: Networks as a Means to an End

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DMPA in India: Pre-project Scenario

- Cleared for marketing in 1994 by Drug Controller of India
- Limited availability, prescription product
- Relatively high price (\$4/vial)
- Pfizer the only marketer of DMPA
- Low knowledge among providers and consumers
- Activist groups questioning product safety and provision
- Not part of the basket of methods in the Family Planning program
- Media lacked credible information sources



केंद्र सरकार ने गर्भनिरोधक ड्रग 'डिंपा' को अस्वीकारा, प्रदेश के 12 जिलों में चल रहे ट्रायल

प्रयोग के जानवरों की तरह इस्तेमाल हुईं महिलाएं

राम कमार शर्मा

आगरा। भारतीय महिलाएं छली गई हैं। पूरे देश में गर्भनिरोध के गए डग डीपो प्रोवेरा को एफडीए ने ब्लैक बॉक्स श्रेणी में शामिल किया है। एफडीए ने माना है कि था। आगरा, बनारस तथा कानपर इस इंजेक्शन के प्रयोग से में इसका पायलट प्रोजेक्ट शुरू में इस ड्रग की स्टडीज में सिद्ध महिलाओं में हड्डी खोखला होने किया गया। बड़े-बड़े होर्डिंग गया था कि यह इंजेक्शन गर्भनिर का खतरा पैदा हो जाता है। भारतीय लगाकर, सेमिनार आयोजित कर तो करता है किंत् हड्डियों महिलाओं में यह शिकायत पूर्व से तथा लोकल टीवी पर विज्ञापन खोखला भी करता है। भारत पाई जाती है। इसके खतरों को देकर डिंपा का प्रचार किया गया। उपमहाद्वीप की महिलाएं पहले

हड्डी खोखली करता है गर्भनिरोधक इंजेक्शन

समय से पूर्व महिलाओं में हो जाती है रजोनिवृति Centre to stop promoting काफी रक्तस्राव झेलना पड़ता है महिलाओं को

जोरशोर से गर्भ निरोधक इंजेक्शन जमकर शुरू हो गई, जो आज त डिंपा का प्रचार-प्रसार शुरू किया जारी है।

सूत्रों के अनुसा, जनवरी 200

ही लोग केमिस्ट्स की दकान से

वरदान के रूप में जोर-शोर से काउंटर से खुलेआम होती ड्रग की बिक्री घातक प्रचारित तथा भारतीय महिलाओं पर ट्रायल के रूप में प्रयोग किए चिकित्सकों ने अप्रैल 2004 के बाद दुकानों से इस इंजेक्शन की बिक्र injectable contraceptives

BLACK DIAGNOSIS

Health ministry has been conducting clinical trials on injectable contraceptive Depo Provera. US food and drug administration has mandated the contraceptive, believed to have serious side-effects, carry a 'black box' the agency's most severe warning.

Adverse effects of Depo Provera

. Decreases mineral bone density, particularly Indians as they have low bone density

cually transmitted NDS if user HIV-positive

in blood vessels user producing child

hildren born to users rvical cancer e unhealthy

Govt. rules against use of injectible contraceptives

By Lalita Panicker/TNN

New Delhi: Reacting to concerns raised by women activists about the health impact on users, the government has given an assurance that it would not introduce injectible contraceptives in state-mandated family planning programmes.

Health secretary P.K. Hota assured a delegation of women activists led by Brinda Karat, CPM politburo member and member of the All-India Democratic Women's Association. The activists are urging the health ministry to stop ongoing clinical trials of the contraceptive 'Depo Provera' because of its severe side-effects.

The US food and drug administration mandated that Depo carries a 'black box', the agency's most severe warning. The new label two years, unless other forms of birth control are insufficient.

But what is more alarming is that other studies show that Dopo users are at an additional risk of contracting sexually transmitted infections. A joint study funded by the National institute of child health and human development and USAID found that the use of Depo increases threefold a woman's chance of contracting chlamydia and gonorrhoea.

A study published in the January 2004 issue of The

Larrange Laf Infectious Disagran found a come

DANGERS OF DEPO PROVERA



- · Significant decrease in mineral bone
- · Increasing risk of contracting sexually-transmitted infections, hastens HIV
- · Pre-mature menopause
- · Irreversible atrophy of the ovaries
- Death due to spontaneous formation of clots inside blood vessels
- Ten-fold increase in the birth of Down Syndrome babies in users
- · Increased chances of death in children born to users
- Increase in the risk of breast and cervical cancer

HIV. The study further concluded that th The set that the time of HIV transmission p ongoing

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sue of The Journal of Infectious Diseases found a correlation between taking hormonal contraceptives, both injectable and oral, and acquiring HIV. The study further concluded that the use of Depo at the time of HIV transmission hastened the rate of disease progression. With the rise in HIV infection levels, the recent findings that

the National Institute of Child Health and

raised by th impact en an asiniectable ed family

Options for Promoting DMPA

A.	Training Providers and support
B.	Reduce price and increase supply
C.	Direct promotion to consumers□
D.	Advocacy for positive environment□
F	All of the above



The *Dimpa* Network Clinic

	- M
Inputs to Clinics	Requirements from Clinics
Doctor training	Stock & dispense at \$2.50
Paramedic training	Provide counseling on site
■ IEC materials and signs	■ Ensure proper disposal of needle
Advertising of clinic as Dimpa site	Maintain records and follow up-
	charts
Supply from DKT at special price	



Progression of the Network

Purpose: Increase access and use of DMPA without backlash: quality is key

2004

Demonstrate feasibility of provision of DMPA through private sector with adequate QoC

3 towns in UP

105 Clinics

Demonstrate scalability & cost efficiencies

9 towns in UP

286 Clinics

Strengthen network support and management

19 towns in UP and Uttrakhand

505 Clinics

2009

Demand creation and increase access of the product

45 towns in UP, Uttrakhand and Jharkhand

1269 Clinics

Research, Monitoring & Evaluation



Phase 1: Testing the Waters

- Negotiate price of DMPA with Pfizer that is sustainable <u>and</u> within potential consumers' willingness-to-pay
- Invite, train & enlist providers (Ob/GYNs) to the *Dimpa* network
- Link product supply, continue
 support to clinics to assure QoC
- Low-key promotion of *Dimpa* clinics
- Monitor & document project outputs
 - use (sales), QoC





Phase 2: Figuring Out Expansion

- Expand to six towns to test management and economies of scale
 - Promotion of DMPA clinics
 - De-centralized outsourced consultant FP trainers
 - Link product supply, continue support to clinics to assure QoC
- Advocacy with FOGSI led to a consensus statement approving DMPA as a safe and effective method and encouraging its 18,000 members to promote it within the WHO guidelines.
- PSP-One led formation of ARC (Advocating Reproductive Choices)
 coalition



Dimpa training resources adopted by other organizations – PSI/DKT

Phase 3: Scaling Up and Strengthening

- Scale up (3+6+10) towns to achieve economies of scale of *Dimpa* Network across Uttar Pradesh and Uttrakhand
- Strengthening the network community
- Institutionalize in-house training capabilities and dedicated field support team
- Creating a neutral media environment





DMPA safe and effective contraceptive: Expert

HT Correspondent Kanpur, May 17

EFFORTS ARE being made to establish Depot Medroxy Progesterone Acetate (DMPA) as a viable alternative to other contraceptives in the country, according to all-India programme manager of DMPA project Dr Ravi Anand.

Talking to reporters here on Thursday, Dr Anand said that DMPA, the three monthly injectable contraceptive- was being currently used by 32 million women in over 175 countries including India. It is administered intra muscularly in the buttock or the upper arm.

Giving details about DMPA, Dr Anand said, "The Federation of Obstetrics and Gynecologist Societies of India (FOGSI) has also approved DMPA as a safe and effective method among other options of contraceptive available in the country."

The FOGSI had also asked its 18000 members to promote DMPA as one of the contraceptive options within the World Heakth Organisation, guidelines,

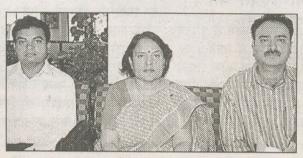
Dr Anand added.

About its response in Kanpur city, Dr Anand said 75 gynecologists of the city were members of the DMPA project. "These members are creating awareness among their patients about the effective of DMPA contraceptive," stated Dr Anand.

He said DMPA contraceptive

बच्चे और मां की मृत्युदर कम करने में गर्भ निरोधक सहायक

कानपुर, कार्यालय संवाददाता: बच्चे व मां की मृत्यु दर कम करने में गर्भ निरोधक बहुत सहायक हैं, लेकिन प्रदेश में इनका उपयोग 50 फीसदी से भी कम है।



यह जानकारी डिम्पा की प्रोग्राम मैनेजर डॉ. रवि आनंद ने प्रेसवार्ता में दी। उन्होंने

तीन माह तक गर्भधारण से मुक्ति के लिए इंजेक्शन

Also...

Embedding key messages in health related programs on leading satellite channels:

- ETV (Tandrusti Hazaar Niyamat)
- Times Now
- Star News (Apna Khayaal Rakhiyega)

वे प्रोजेक्ट में 100 रुपए में उपलब्ध है। डॉ,

एक अध्ययन के आधार पर बताया कि एक नया विकल्प आने से गर्भ निरोधकों का उपयोग 12 फीसदी बढ़ जाता है इसीलिये गर्भ निरोधन की मौजूदा विधियों में डिम्पा को शामिल किया गया है ताकि दंपती अपनी पसंद की विधि का उपयोग कर सकें। उन्होंने बताया यह महिलाओं को सई के जरिये दिया

> गर्भ निरोधक 'डिपो रोन एसिटेट' यानी डीएमपीए में पेश किया गया था। उन्होंने जन्म में अंतर रखने का यह व कारगर उपाय है। विश्व न ने भी हार्मोन से जुड़े गंबे समय तक इस्तेमाल के ताया है। उन्होंने मातृ मृत्यु दर ते हुए कहा गर्भावस्था से जुड़े ओं की मौत के मामले दुनिया गदा भारत में सामने आते हैं। से सालाना एक लाख गैत होती है और दो साल से

कम उम्र के शिशुओं की मौत का औसत दुनिया भर से तिगुना ज्यादा है।

Strengthen the Provider Network

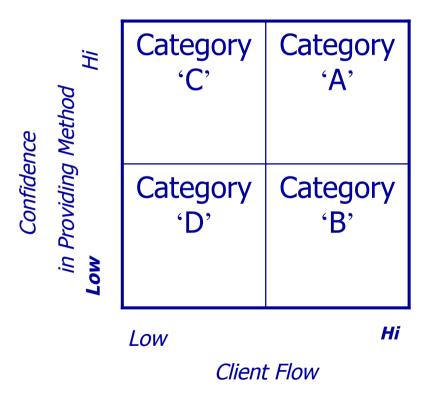
Creating a Community

- Dimpa Exchange Forum
 - Joint interactive meeting with network members in each program city
 - Sharing of experiences and views
- Dimpa Outlook: Quarterly Program Newsletter
 - Update on program activities
 - Create and imbue a sense of togetherness





Segmentation of Network Members



- Strategies based on segmentation
 - A: Recognize them as role models and continue support
 - B: Provide intensive support to increase confidence
 - C: Increase promotion to increase client volume
 - D: Low contributor consider dropping clinic from network



Moving into Phase 4

- The first three phases of the project were focused on providers and on neutralizing the negative media environment
- Going forward, need for increased emphasis on consumer directed communication to stimulate demand for and use of DMPA



Phase 4: Creating Demand

- Promote DMPA through integrated marketing communication
 - Increase awareness of DMPA
 - Call to action: Dimpa Helpline 1800-1800-555
 - Campaign focused on areas where network was present
 - Limited promotion of *Dimpa* clinics through the campaign
 - DMPA campaign crisis preparedness and management
- Accommodate the increasing range of DMPA brands



Growing Commercial Sector Interest

- Number of DMPA marketers have increased since 2003,
 - Four (4) marketers making available DMPA in urban and rural parts of 3 states.
 - Pfizer, HLL, Dkt and PHS
- Wide range of DMPA price options for consumers,

PHS: Rs.60/-

Dkt : Rs.100/-

HLL: Rs. 175/-

Pfizer: Rs. 150/-

- DMPA manufactured in India
 - Star Drugs Laboratory, India





What About Impact?

Impact on provider attitudes and behavior?

Indicator	Baseline 2003	Endline 2009				
Perception of DMPA						
Overall a good method	17%	78%				
Prescribing Practices						
Ever prescribed injectables	70%	99%				
Prescribed injectables in last 6 months	54%	94%				
Currently prescribe injectables	52%	97%				



Source: PSP-One Dimpa Provider Tracking Studies

Consumer Level Impact?

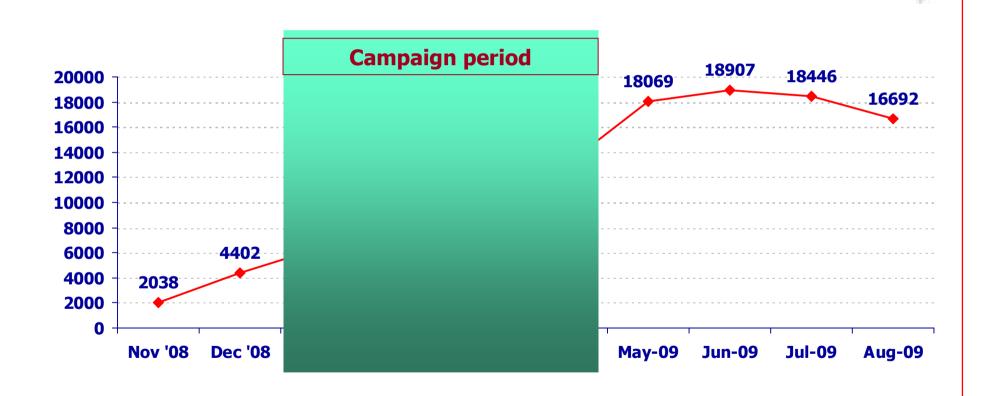
First burst of the campaign shows promising changes

Indicator	Not seen any FP ad	Seen other FP ads	Seen <i>Dimpa</i> Ads
Unaided awareness of injectables	12.6	16.6	<u>28.6</u>
Knows that it is a three monthly	16.5	18.1	<u>46.2</u>
Ever used injectables	0.1	0.7	2.1
Intention to use	29.3	29.2	<u>33.3</u>
Know of a place where DMPA is provided	3.4	2.9	<u>18.3</u>
Heard of <i>Dimpa</i> Clinic	2.4	2.8	<u>19.2</u>
Aware of <i>Dimpa</i> /FP helpline	0.9	0.9	<u>6.1</u>



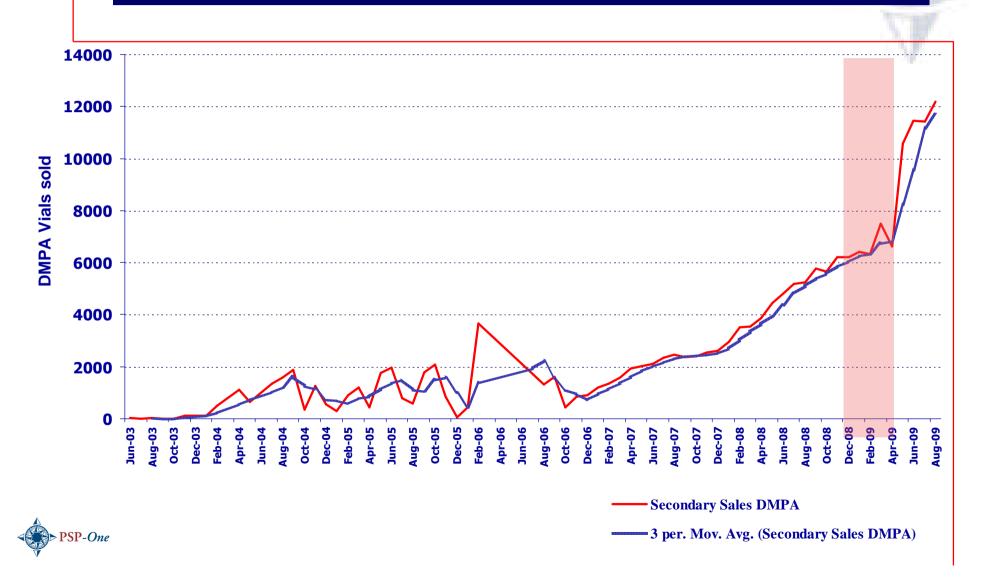
Source: PSP-One Dimpa Consumer Tracking Study, 2008

Helpline Calls





DMPA Sales in Project Towns on a Steady Climb



Future Directions

- The *Dimpa* program to continue under the USAID India MBPH project
- To expand the network to include GPs
- More wide-based consumer promotion to support the efforts of multiple marketers
- Focus on increasing continuation and support to current users

